Frequently Asked Questions: Neurology (FAQs related to Neurology Program Requirements effective July 1, 2020) Review Committee for Neurology ACGME

Question	Answer		
Introduction			
What is required to change program format, e.g., from a three-year format to a four-year format?	Any changes in a program's format should be requested through the Accreditation Data System (ADS), as a change in format will also necessitate a review for a change to the program's resident complement. Program directors must specify in the educational rationale they provide for the request what type of program format they currently have, the format to		
[Program Requirement: Int.C.1.a)-b)] Oversight	which they seek to change, and why the format change is requested.		
What are the Review Committee's expectations for adequate facilities and space for the program? [Program Requirement: I.D.1.a).(1)]	 The Review Committee's expectations include the following: Conference facilities must be available to the neurology program. Residents and faculty members must have access to study or workspace, desks, and locked storage cabinets or lockers. Secure, conveniently located computer and reference material access must be available for use in patient care areas, resident and faculty office areas, and call rooms. Confidential dictation space must be available. Research resources should include laboratory space and equipment, computer and statistical consultation services. Sharing of administrative offices, study areas or conference facilities is acceptable as long as it does not prohibit resident teaching, service or learning. Although not all resources need to be directly on site, access to resources should be available at each site as necessary for patient care. 		
What are the Review Committee's expectations for adequate diagnostic resources related to diagnostic therapeutic services?	Resources, such as laboratory facilities, imaging facilities/diagnostic radiology, electronic medical records, dictation and record keeping support, computer access, phlebotomy support, patient and specimen transport, nursing and IV support, and clerical support, must be available for all programs.		
[Program Requirement: I.D.1.a).(2)]	Diagnostic resources should include: a) Electrodiagnosis • EEG		

Question	Answer
	Ambulatory EEGs
	Video-EEG monitoring
	Intra-operative monitoring
	 Evoked potentials- visual, auditory, somatosensory
	EMG/NCV
	Single fiber studies
	b) Diagnostic Radiological Services
	MRI and MRA
	PET
	• CT
	 Angiography
	c) Genetic testing
	Diagnostic therapeutic services should include:
	a) Psychiatric services
	b) Genetic counseling services
	c) Interventional neuroradiology
	d) Occupational therapy
	e) Pain management
	f) Rehabilitation medicine
	g) Physical therapy
	h) Radiation oncology service
	i) Psychology services
	j) Social services
	k) Speech therapy

Question	Answer
Personnel	
Where must the program director have a staff appointment if the Sponsoring Institution is not a clinical site?	If the Sponsoring Institution is a non-clinical site, such as a medical school, the program director must have a staff appointment at the primary clinical site.
[Program Requirement: II.A.3.e)]	
If a program does not have faculty members with expertise in particular disciplines, how should it ensure its residents have exposure to all of the areas listed in the Program Requirements?	Resident exposure to all the disciplines identified in the Program Requirements may occur through several methods. Residents may learn from a general neurologist who sees a high volume of patients with a particular problem, even if that faculty member is not formally listed as an expert in this area. Residents may also work with multi-disciplinary specialists or rotate to other clinical sites to obtain exposure to all required disciplines.
[Program Requirement: II.B.1.c)]	
What is considered regular participation in organized clinical discussions, rounds, journal clubs, and conferences?	Faculty members should participate in a manner that promotes a spirit of inquiry and scholarship (e.g., the offering of guidance and technical support for residents involved in research, such as research design and statistical analysis) and the provision of support for residents' participation, as appropriate, in scholarly activities.
[Program Requirement: II.B.2.f)]	
Resident Appointments	

Question	Answer
When is a resident considered a transferring resident?	Residents are considered transferring residents under several conditions, including:
[Program Requirement: III.C.1.]	 when moving from one program to another within the same or different Sponsoring Institution; and, when entering as a PGY-2 in a three-year program requiring a preliminary year, even if the resident was simultaneously accepted into the preliminary PGY-1 program and the neurology program as part of the Match (e.g., accepted to both programs right out of medical school)
	Before accepting a transferring resident, the "receiving" program director must obtain written or electronic verification of prior education from the current program director. Verification includes evaluations, rotations completed, procedural/operative experience, Milestones reports, and a summative competency-based performance evaluation. The term "transfer resident" and the responsibilities of the two program directors noted above do not apply to a resident who has successfully completed a residency and is then
Can a program accept a transfer resident if the program director has documentation showing the request for the transferring resident's summative competency-based performance evaluation from the previous program(s), even if it has not been received yet?	accepted into a subsequent residency or fellowship program. No, a program director should not accept such a resident, as there is no verification of what the resident has previously completed.
[Program Requirement: III.C.1.]	

Assuming eight months of the PGY-1 are completed in non-neurologic disciplines (primarily internal medicine), how flexible can the remaining four months of the PGY-1 be in terms of educational experiences? [Program Requirement: III.A.2.b) (1)] Educational Program how a na program confirm that its curriculum includes all required educational components? [Program Requirement: Section IV.A.] What types of conferences count as national professional conferences? [Program Requirement: IV.C.9.] Forgram Requirement: IV.C.9.] If a program is comprised of 13 four-week blocks in a year, does it meet the requirement for one year of broad clinical experience in general internal medicine, non-neurology must be spent in emergency medicine, family medicine, internal medicine, neurology, or pediatrics. The remaining four months may be spent in emergency medicine, family medicine, internal medicine, neurology, or pediatrics. Dedicated rotations in the coronary care unit and medical intensive care unit are encouraged in the PGY-1 during non-neurology months but are not required. Neurology residents in the PGY-1 may have a neurology continuity clinic during the year, but this is not required and does not count toward their required continuity clinic during the year, but this is not required and does not count toward their required continuity clinic during the year, but this is not required and does not count toward their required continuity clinic experience during PGY-2-4. Residents must attend a national specialty-specific conference. This may include general neurology meetings, such as the American Academy of Neurology meetings, or subspecialty meetings in an area in which they have a particular interest. Since many programs budget money for conference travel, books, or computer software, finding a conference for each resident to attend during the three years should not be a burden. Yes, every program must include rotations in which residents have primary patient care responsibilities, including admitting and discha	Question	Anguar
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[Program Requirement: IV.C.3.]	· ·	
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Question	Answer
How much time must a resident spend in the continuity clinic if the resident cannot participate due to a rotation such as ICU or due to being out on leave?	The spirit of the continuity clinic is that of an organized, continuous, and supervised clinical experience in which one's clinic patient panel is followed over a long period of time on a weekly basis. An outpatient clinic where the same patients cannot be followed over a long period of time will not fulfill the requirement. Scheduling of continuity clinics may be deferred during a busy inpatient month in which inpatient continuity of care is paramount (e.g., neurocritical care or night float rotations).
[Program Requirement: IV.C.5.a).(2)]	
	Although there may be a few gaps based on rotations such as ICU or night float, the same total number of continuity clinics (40 per year minimum) must be seen with the same patient panel in the same academic year. If weekly continuity clinics are occasionally deferred in the manner described above, then the program director must provide evidence at the time of the site visit that each resident has completed at least 40 continuity clinics per year for each of the three years during PGY-2-4.
Can continuity clinics be scheduled by clustering them into blocks of time, separate from inpatient rotations, rather than scheduling them weekly?	Continuity clinics may be scheduled separately from inpatient rotations as an alternative to weekly clinics, as long as: 1) the clinics adhere to the spirit of a longitudinal experience of patient care over the 36 months of residency, with residents seeing their own patients over time, rather than simply seeing outpatients; and 2) there are at least 40 total continuity clinics per year; and 3) clinic blocks are held not more than six weeks apart.
[Program Requirement: IV.C.5.a).(2)]	
	A change to the weekly format of continuity clinics should be noted as a Major Change for the program in ADS, and evidence of this continuity clinic must be provided to the Accreditation Field Representatives during an accreditation site visit and/or to the Review Committee when requested.

Question	Answer
What criteria should an off-site elective meet?	Off-site elective time may be considered, if:
	 The program director has oversight of curriculum and education.
[Program Requirement: IV.C.5.b)]	 The residents are evaluated based on that curriculum and education.
	 Physicians available to educate residents at the host site meet qualification requirements.
	 There is a completed Program Letter of Agreement, specifying curriculum, supervision, and evaluation.
	The elective is not available at the Sponsoring Institution.
	The elective is not a core requirement.
	 The designated institutional official (DIO) and Graduate Medical Education
	Committee (GMEC) of the Sponsoring Institution have approved the elective.
Can a psychiatry rotation taken at another institution during an intern year be credited for the psychiatry	If the psychiatry rotation is to count, the program should have the following documentation on file:
rotation required for neurology?	Goals and objectives for the completed psychiatry rotation
[Program Requirement: IV.C.5.d)]	A signed statement by the internship program director and the resident stating that the goals and objectives were accomplished
, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	3. Evaluation(s) of the resident by immediate supervisors of the psychiatry rotation
	If the program can provide this documentation, the experience can be approved. If this documentation is not provided, the resident must repeat a psychiatry rotation.
What are examples of acceptable	Examples of resident scholarship include: participation in research; publication and
resident scholarly activity?	presentation at national and regional meetings; preparation and presentation of neurological topics at educational conferences and programs; organization and administration of
[Program Requirement: IV.D.3.a)]	educational programs; and activity related to professional leadership. Peer-review activities and quality of care programming, as well as presentations at departmental conferences would also qualify.

Question	Answer			
Evaluation				
How can a program provide objective assessments of resident	See the table below for example to the table below for example	See the table below for examples.		
competence?	Competency Area	Examples of Documentation		
[Program Requirement: V.A.1.c)]	Patient Care and Procedural Skills	Milestones, Objective Structured Clinical Examinations (OSCEs), mini-clinical evaluation exercise (mini-CEX), direct observation, structured case discussions, role-play or simulation, chart review, etc.		
	Medical Knowledge	Milestones, American Academy of Neurology's Residency In-service Training Exam (RITE), OSCEs, global assessment, direct observation, structured case discussions, other exams, etc.		
	Practice-based Learning and Improvement	Milestones, resident portfolios, global assessment, conferences presented by residents, patient education materials developed by residents, quality performance measures, chart review, etc.		
	Interpersonal and Communication Skills	OSCEs, Milestones, Neurology Clinical Evaluation Exercise (NEX), global assessment, direct observation, multi-source feedback, patient surveys, role-play or simulation, etc.		
	Professionalism	Milestones, resident portfolios, global assessment, direct observation, multi-source feedback, patient surveys, etc.		
	Systems-Based Practice	Milestones, resident portfolios, global assessment, multi- source feedback, quality measures, chart review, etc.		
Who needs to evaluate residents?	residents themselves, and c	be used, including faculty members, other residents, patients, the ther professional staff members. In addition, each resident mu		
[Program Requirements: V.A.1.c).(1)- V.A.1.c).(1).(a)]	be evaluated by at least one ABPN-certified child neurologist and two ABPN-certified neurologists. Refer to the ABPN website for information regarding required Neurology Clinical Skills Evaluation and clinical skills verification.			

Question	Answer	
What types of information should be reviewed when performing the annual internal program evaluation? [Program Requirement: V.C.]	 De-identified resident and faculty member comments Sponsoring Institution's GMEC review, if applicable Resources available at each participating site Quality of supervision Goals and objectives ACGME Faculty and Resident Survey results Meeting minutes RITE scores Milestones Faculty member and resident scholarly activity Board pass rate in last year 	
	This list is not meant to be exhaustive.	
The Learning and Working Environr Which licensed independent practitioners may contribute to residents' education?	Licensed practitioners include health care professionals who are licensed in the state and have appropriate credentials to provide patient care. These may include advanced practice providers or psychologists, for example.	
[Program Requirement: VI.A.2.a).(1)]		
What is an optimal clinical workload? [Program Requirement: VI.E.1.]	The program director must make an assessment of the learning environment, including patient safety, complexity of patient illness/condition, available support services, and level of knowledge, skills, and abilities when determining the appropriate clinical workload for each resident.	
Is there a maximum number of patients that can be cared for by a single resident, i.e., does the Review Committee mandate patient caps? [Program Requirement: VI.E.1.a)]	No. The Review Committee recognizes the need for flexibility in service structures across programs and does not consider it feasible to establish a universal patient cap or individual caps for all variations in service structure. The responsibility to monitor resident workload remains in the hands of the program director and should be based on patient needs, patient safety data, and the needs and abilities of individual residents. Therefore, the program director may institute patient caps.	

Question	Answer
Who should be included in the interprofessional teams?	Nurses, pharmacists, physician assistants, psychologists, social workers, and occupational, physical, and speech therapists, are examples of professional personnel who may be part of interprofessional teams on which residents must work as members.
[Program Requirement: VI.E.2.]	
Must every interprofessional team include representation from every profession listed above?	No. The Review Committee recognizes that the needs of specific patients change with their health statuses and circumstances. The Review Committee's intent is to ensure that the program has access to these professional and paraprofessional personnel, and that interprofessional teams be constituted as appropriate and as needed, not to mandate that all
[Program Requirement: VI.E.2.]	be included in every case.

Appendix I

Educational Program Checklist	Yes/No
1. Are overall educational goals for the program distributed to the residents annually? (IV.A.2.)	
2. Are goals and objectives competency-based? (IV.A.2.)	
3. Are the goals and objectives specific to each rotation AND each educational level? (IV.A.2.)	
4. Are didactic sessions scheduled on a regular basis? (IV.A.4.)	
5. Are residents required to attend seminars, conferences, and journal clubs? (IV.C.6.)	
6. Do didactics include the full spectrum of neurological disorders across the lifespan? (IV.C.7.)	
7. Do didactics include the basic science curriculum? (IV.C.8.)	
8. Do residents attend at least one national professional conference? (IV.C.9.)	
9. Are residents clearly informed about their patient care responsibilities? (IV.A.3.)	
10. Are residents provided progressive responsibility for patient management? (IV.A.3.)	
11. Are residents provided supervision throughout the program? (IV.A.3.)	
12. Are residents provided a combination of patient care, teaching and research experiences? (IV.C.3.)	
13. Do patient care responsibilities include inpatient experiences? (IV.C.3.)	
14. Do patient care responsibilities include outpatient experiences? (IV.C.3.)	
15. Do patient care responsibilities include consultation experiences? (IV.C.3.)	
16. Did the first year of the 48 months of education include either:	
eight months in internal medicine with primary responsibility in patient care; OR	
six months in internal medicine with primary responsibility in patient care, and at least two months' time in a	
combination of the following: one or more months in pediatrics; emergency medicine; internal medicine; or family	
medicine. (IV.C.4IV.C.4.b))	
17. Did residents have four months or less of neurology during this preliminary year? (IV.C.4.c))	
18. During the last 36 months of education, do residents have a minimum of 18 FTE months of clinical adult neurology	
experience? (IV.C.5.a))	
19. Does the 18 FTE months of clinical adult neurology experience provide at least six months of inpatient adult	
neurology? (IV.C.5.a).(1))	
20. Does the 18 FTE months of clinical adult neurology experience provide at least six months of outpatient adult	
neurology? (IV.C.5.a).(1))	
21. Do the residents have a longitudinal/continuity half-day clinic throughout the program? (IV.C.5.a).(2))	
22. Do residents have at least three months elective time? (IV.C.5.b))	
23. Do residents have at least three FTE months in clinical child neurology? (IV.C.5.c))	

24. Do residents have at least one FTE month in clinical psychiatry? (IV.C.5.d))	
25. Do residents have clinical teaching rounds supervised by faculty at least five days per week? (IV.C.5.e))	
26. Do residents receive exposure to acute patient management in various settings such as ICU or ED? (IV.C.5.f))	
27. Do residents receive experience in neuroimaging? (IV.C.5.g))	